

# The Crystal Structure of Dioxomolybdenum(VI) Diethyldithiocarbamate

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The crystal structure of dioxomolybdenum(VI) diethyldithiocarbamate,  $\text{MoO}_2[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}]_2$ , has been determined from three-dimensional X-ray film data. The structure is monoclinic, space group  $C2/c$ . The elementary cell contains four formula units and has the dimensions

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 17.3839 \pm 14 \text{ \AA} \\b &= 8.6656 \pm 7 \text{ \AA} \\c &= 13.5907 \pm 12 \text{ \AA} \\\beta &= 124.66^\circ \pm 1\end{aligned}$$

The coordination around molybdenum is a distorted octahedron with four sulfur and two oxygen atoms ( $\text{Mo}-2\text{S}_1 = 2.44(1)$  Å,  $\text{Mo}-2\text{S}_2 = 2.63(1)$  Å,  $\text{Mo}-2\text{O}_1 = 1.63(3)$  Å). The oxygens are in a *cis*-position, *i.e.* the distance between the oxygens represents an edge in the polyhedron. The planarity of the  $\text{NCS}_2$  group, expected from previous works, has been confirmed. IR spectra and dipole moment measurements reported in literature are in concordance with this structure determination.

Crystals of dioxomolybdenum(VI) diethyldithiocarbamate as well as corresponding butyl compounds were prepared by Moore and Larsson,<sup>1</sup> who concluded from IR spectra that these complexes contain a *cis* O-Mo-O group. In order to confirm this conclusion structure determinations using X-ray methods were suggested by Dr. Moore who also kindly supplied me with crystalline material. This article will describe the investigation of the structure of the ethyl complex. Previous single crystal investigations of the diethyl-dithiocarbamate group have dealt with  $\text{M}[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2]_2$ ,  $\text{M}=\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,<sup>2</sup>  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ,<sup>3</sup>  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ .<sup>4</sup>

## CRYSTAL DATA AND X-RAY DATA COLLECTING

The cell dimensions and their errors were calculated by means of the least-squares program PIRUM<sup>5</sup> from powder photographs taken with monochromatized  $\text{CuK}\alpha_1$  radiation ( $\lambda = 1.54056 \text{ \AA}$ ) in a Guinier-Hägg type focusing camera. Potassium chloride ( $a = 6.29228 \text{ \AA}$ )<sup>6</sup> was used as an internal standard (see Table 1). The dimensions of the monoclinic unit cell are ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ ):

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 17.3839(14) \text{ \AA} \\b &= 8.6656(7) \text{ \AA} \\c &= 13.5907(12) \text{ \AA} \\\beta &= 124.664(7) \\V &= 1683.6 \text{ \AA}^3\end{aligned}$$

The observed density,  $\rho = 1.65(3) \text{ g/cm}^3$ , was found from the apparent loss of weight in water, giving four formula units in the unit cell ( $\rho_{\text{calc}} = 1.67 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ).

Weissenberg photographs were taken with Ni filtered  $\text{CuK}\alpha$  radiation for  $h0l - h4l$  and  $hk0$  reflections.

The reflections systematically absent are  $hkl$  when  $h+k$  odd,  $h0l$  when  $l$  odd and  $h$  odd, and  $0k0$  when  $k$  odd, which gives the choice of the space groups  $C2/c$  (No. 15) and  $Cc$  (No. 9).

The  $I_o$  values from the films were obtained from intensity measurements with the automatic filmscanner of the Abrahamson type according to methods described by Werner.<sup>7</sup>

The crystal used was a hexagonal prism, elongated in the [101]-direction, with the dimensions  $0.4 \times 0.08 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}^3$ . For the data, absorption correction was made ( $\mu = 96.1 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ).<sup>8</sup> In the correction for absorption the transmission factors ranged between 0.18 and 0.53.

## STRUCTURE DETERMINATION AND REFINEMENT

The higher symmetry,  $C2/c$ , was taken as the starting point of the structure determination. The result thus obtained was found to be throughout consistent. It was not significantly improved by lowering the symmetry.

In No. 15  $C2/c$  the following point positions are possible:  $(0,0,0; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0) +$

- 4 (a):  $(0,0,0) (0,0,\frac{1}{2})$
- 4 (b):  $(0,\frac{1}{2},0) (0,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2})$
- 4 (c):  $(\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{4},0) (\frac{3}{4},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2})$
- 4 (d):  $(\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}) (\frac{3}{4},\frac{1}{4},0)$
- 4 (e):  $(0,y,\frac{1}{4}) (0,\bar{y},\frac{3}{4})$
- 8 (f):  $(x,y,z); (\bar{x},\bar{y},\bar{z}); (\tilde{x},y,\frac{1}{2}-z); (x,\bar{y},\frac{1}{2}+z)$

In the Patterson function  $P(uvw)$  three high maxima were found which could be identified as due to Mo-Mo vectors and four lower peaks which regarding their heights and positions could be interpreted as corresponding to Mo-S vectors. Using these sets of vectors the following approximate parameter values were derived for the molybdenum and sulphur atoms:

Table 1. X-Ray powder data of  $\text{MoO}_2[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}]_2$ ,  $\text{CuK}\alpha_1$  radiation.

$h k l$	$10^5 \sin^2\theta$ obs	$10^5 \sin^2\theta$ calc	$d$ obs	$I$ obs
1 1 0	1085	1080	7.39	vs
1 1 1	1136	1132	7.23	vvs
2 0 0	1160	1160	7.15	vs
2 0 2	1373	1371	6.57	vs
0 0 2	1903	1899	5.58	w
1 1 2	2146	2135	5.26	vs
3 1 1	2615	2610	4.76	vs
3 1 2	2775	2767	4.62	w
0 2 0	3173	3160	4.33	s
4 0 2		3164		
3 1 0	3387	3402	4.19	vvs
0 2 1	3643	3635	4.04	m
1 1 2	3830	3824	3.94	m
2 2 1	3971	3951	3.87	vw
1 1 3	4096	4087	3.81	vw
2 2 0	4325	4321	3.70	w
2 2 2	4529	4531	3.62	vw
4 0 0	4631	4643	3.58	vw
0 2 2	5066	5059	3.42	w
3 1 1	5149	5143	3.39	w
2 0 4	5387	5379	3.32	w
4 0 4	5494	5484	3.29	vw
2 2 1	5655	5640	3.24	vvw
5 1 2	5731	5722	3.22	m
3 1 4	5942	5932	3.16	m
2 2 3	6064	6061	3.13	w
4 2 2	6330	6325	3.06	w
4 2 1	6597	6589	3.00	s
1 1 4	7001	6988	2.91	m
4 2 3		7010	.	
1 3 0	7395	7401	2.83	w
0 0 4	7596	7597	2.79	m
4 2 0	7810	7804	2.76	m
2 2 2	7915	7909	2.74	s
6 0 4		7910	.	
5 1 0	8054	8045	2.71	w
1 3 2	8460	8456	2.65	m
2 2 4	8544	8540	2.64	w
3 3 1	8933	8931	2.58	s
3 1 5		8938	.	
3 3 2	9080	9088	2.56	vw
5 1 5	9359	9359	2.52	vvw
3 3 0	9730	9723	2.47	vvw
4 2 1	9961	9967	2.44	vvw
1 3 2	10135	10145	2.42	vw
1 1 4	10366	10366	2.39	s
6 2 2	10446	10440	2.38	m
6 0 0		10447	.	
0 2 4	10759	10757	2.35	m
7 1 2	11012	10998	2.32	m
6 2 4	11075	11071	2.31	w
4 2 5	11221	11229	2.30	vw

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
4 Mo in 4( <i>e</i> ):	0	0.053	$\frac{1}{4}$
8 S <sub>1</sub> in 8( <i>f</i> ):	0.05	0.13	0.45
8 S <sub>2</sub> in 8( <i>f</i> ):	0.12	0.29	0.33

Three-dimensional electron densities were then calculated using the signs yielded by the contribution to  $F(hkl)$  of the molybdenum and sulfur atoms. The oxygens, the nitrogens and a few of the carbon atoms were easily located. The remaining carbon atoms were found after new Fourier calculations using the signs of  $F(hkl)$  from all atoms previously found. A least-squares refinement, using block diagonal approximation, was then performed. In the refinement the  $|F_o|$ 's were weighted according to Cruickshank's weighting procedure, i.e.  $\omega = 1/(a + |F_o| + c|F_o|^2)$ , using the values  $a = 90.0$  and  $c = 0.02$ . Unobserved reflections were not included in the refinement. The atomic scattering curves for Mo<sup>6+</sup>, S<sup>-</sup>, O<sup>-</sup>, N, and C (Refs. 8, 9) were used in the structure factor calculations. When the shifts were less than 10 % of the standard deviations, the discrepancy factor  $R$  was 13.0 %.

A full matrix least-squares refinement, based on the 551 independant reflections, with isotropic temperature factors gave the  $R$  value 12.9 %. The parameter shifts were then less than 3 % of the standard deviations. The heights of the major peaks observed in the final difference Fourier were less than 50 % of the N and C peaks. The electron density of the major peak is 2.0 e/Å<sup>3</sup>.

No significant improvement of the structure was obtained by introduction of anisotropic temperature factors for the molybdenum and sulfur atoms.

A weight analysis obtained in the final cycle is given in Table 2. Observed and calculated structure factors are found in Table 3, and atomic parameters with standard deviations and temperature factors in Table 4.

Table 2. Weight analyses obtained in the final cycle of the least-squares refinement.  
 $\omega$  = weighting factor,  $\Delta = |F_o| - |F_c|$ .

$ F_o $ interval	$\omega \Delta^2$	Number of reflections	Interval sin $\theta$	$\omega \Delta^2$	Number of reflections
0.0 – 45.4	1.0867	55	0.0 – 0.4177	1.5077	103
45.4 – 54.5	0.8335	53	0.4177 – 0.5263	0.8992	94
54.5 – 62.4	1.0992	55	0.5263 – 0.6025	0.8829	81
62.4 – 68.5	0.8975	54	0.6025 – 0.6631	0.7920	62
68.5 – 75.1	1.0175	55	0.6631 – 0.7143	0.7735	54
75.1 – 83.6	0.9430	55	0.7143 – 0.7591	0.7731	48
83.6 – 91.7	0.6986	55	0.7591 – 0.7991	1.1699	33
91.7 – 102.3	1.4272	55	0.7991 – 0.8355	0.7947	25
102.3 – 120.6	0.9901	55	0.8355 – 0.8689	1.5241	26
120.6 – 206.4	0.9987	55	0.8689 – 0.9000	0.5987	16

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*Table 3.* Observed and calculated structure factors.

H	K	L	F <sub>O</sub>	F <sub>C</sub>	H	K	L	F <sub>O</sub>	F <sub>C</sub>	H	K	L	F <sub>O</sub>	F <sub>C</sub>	H	K	L	F <sub>O</sub>	F <sub>C</sub>
10	0	-14	81	-76	13	1	-7	95	-88	-1	1	10	103	-128	10	2	6	67	-64
14	0	-14	76	-71	17	1	-7	60	45	1	1	10	63	-68	-8	2	7	144	155
16	0	-14	87	-95	7	1	-6	140	-155	3	1	10	60	-72	-6	2	7	75	69
18	0	-14	111	-103	9	1	-6	68	-86	5	1	10	49	-66	-4	2	7	83	90
1C	0	-12	116	124	11	1	-6	65	-81	-9	1	11	71	58	-2	2	7	61	48
12	0	-12	84	91	13	1	-6	48	-49	-7	1	11	113	96	-8	2	8	103	76
16	0	-12	73	61	15	1	-6	60	-72	-1	1	11	52	58	-2	2	8	132	152
14	0	-10	130	-113	1	1	-6	43	-35	-9	1	12	81	92	0	2	8	132	124
16	0	-10	115	-93	1	1	-6	46	-36	-7	1	12	50	89	6	2	8	81	65
18	0	-10	78	-78	9	1	-5	34	-36	-1	1	12	74	78	8	2	9	62	67
20	0	-10	58	-59	11	1	-5	51	-43	-3	1	12	60	65	-8	2	9	59	-67
10	0	-8	85	67	19	1	-5	54	54	1	1	12	37	49	-2	2	9	52	-66
12	0	-8	160	142	7	1	-4	39	43	-9	1	13	77	-57	0	2	9	103	86
14	0	-8	177	191	9	1	-4	67	61	-3	1	14	47	-49	2	2	9	61	-54
16	0	-8	117	112	11	1	-4	86	96	14	2	-13	41	75	4	2	9	61	-61
8	0	-6	44	-46	13	1	-4	93	116	10	2	-10	69	-83	6	2	9	74	-77
10	0	-6	86	-109	15	1	-4	84	100	12	2	-10	111	-110	-10	2	10	105	-83
12	0	-6	102	-135	17	1	-4	58	78	14	2	-10	82	-68	-4	2	10	97	-102
14	0	-6	55	-57	19	1	-4	52	62	20	2	-10	57	-65	-2	2	10	94	-91
6	0	-4	30	-3	5	1	-5	52	64	12	2	-9	59	52	-10	2	11	65	46
10	0	-4	100	117	7	1	-3	32	-25	14	2	-9	103	78	-8	2	11	41	41
12	0	-4	119	136	9	1	-3	68	-67	16	2	-9	66	67	-2	2	11	103	86
14	0	-4	92	110	11	1	-3	95	-107	18	2	-9	71	71	-4	2	11	111	126
16	0	-4	71	89	13	1	-3	45	-44	10	2	-8	137	139	-2	2	11	60	58
18	0	-4	59	87	3	1	-2	47	66	12	2	-8	77	70	-10	2	12	51	50
6	0	-2	39	-32	5	1	-2	84	-109	16	2	-8	68	62	-6	2	12	54	57
8	0	-2	121	-133	7	1	-2	124	-168	18	2	-8	77	76	-4	2	12	74	66
10	0	-2	173	-204	9	1	-2	111	-135	10	2	-7	144	-152	-2	2	12	63	62
12	0	-2	137	-157	11	1	-2	100	-117	12	2	-7	49	-41	-6	2	14	69	-60
4	0	0	70	-66	13	1	-2	76	-75	8	2	-6	111	-133	-4	2	14	74	-68
6	0	0	57	55	15	1	-2	78	-79	10	2	-6	73	-74	-6	2	15	37	41
8	0	0	143	151	7	1	-1	81	64	14	2	-6	65	-71	11	3	-13	95	81
10	0	0	86	73	9	1	-1	101	104	16	2	-6	88	-84	13	3	-13	88	85
15	0	0	9	96	11	1	-1	47	38	2	2	-6	65	-65	15	3	-12	51	63
4	0	2	97	-54	5	1	-1	60	-55	16	2	-5	55	57	13	3	-12	42	44
4	0	2	69	-41	5	1	0	91	98	8	2	-5	60	68	17	3	-12	65	57
6	0	2	86	-80	7	1	0	38	26	6	2	-4	63	115	13	3	-11	38	-67
8	0	2	135	-135	11	1	0	85	84	8	2	-4	71	80	13	3	-10	73	-63
10	0	2	98	-94	13	1	0	80	77	10	2	-4	69	74	15	3	-10	63	-57
12	0	2	93	-88	3	1	0	80	91	12	2	-4	68	60	17	3	-10	43	-36
14	0	2	94	-106	5	1	1	38	26	14	2	-4	76	73	11	3	-9	136	124
-4	0	4	85	70	7	1	1	80	-67	16	2	-4	72	75	13	3	-9	39	51
-2	0	4	133	138	-3	1	2	37	-66	6	2	-3	66	-70	11	3	-8	51	-30
2	0	4	111	107	1	1	2	106	-116	8	2	-3	88	-92	13	3	-8	51	53
4	0	4	197	189	3	1	2	38	-27	10	2	-3	87	-94	15	3	-8	47	47
6	0	4	143	149	5	1	2	80	-63	12	2	-3	76	-83	11	3	-7	72	-81
8	0	4	84	87	7	1	2	82	-76	14	2	-3	57	-61	17	3	-7	57	-63
10	0	4	66	52	9	1	2	92	-88	16	2	-3	55	-57	19	3	-7	41	-47
12	0	4	64	47	11	1	2	112	-115	4	2	-2	62	-77	11	3	-6	98	-106
-6	0	6	96	-72	13	1	2	90	-91	6	2	-2	104	-128	13	3	-6	89	-100
-2	0	6	206	-218	15	1	2	58	-67	8	2	-2	81	-88	15	3	-6	39	-45
0	0	6	137	-81	-3	1	3	40	31	12	2	-2	74	-69	9	3	-5	76	78
2	0	6	82	-60	-1	1	3	68	42	14	2	-2	90	-96	15	3	-5	87	85
4	0	6	112	-85	1	1	3	75	-67	2	2	-1	53	47	17	3	-5	66	77
6	0	6	67	-51	3	1	3	47	-17	8	2	-1	81	82	7	3	-4	70	61
-8	0	8	116	95	5	1	3	104	87	6	2	0	95	105	9	3	-4	92	95
-6	0	8	113	128	7	1	3	134	131	10	2	0	66	57	11	3	-4	56	54
-4	0	8	61	-93	-3	1	4	93	122	12	2	0	106	110	13	3	-4	49	51
c	0	8	77	56	-1	1	4	143	128	14	2	0	80	82	9	3	-3	80	-85
2	0	8	144	89	3	1	4	163	160	2	2	1	66	-65	11	3	-3	62	-63
6	0	8	86	67	6	1	4	79	-79	4	2	1	58	-44	13	3	-3	82	-88
10	0	9	97	-75	4	1	4	110	100	-2	2	2	49	-45	15	3	-3	67	-72
-6	0	10	111	-67	9	1	4	90	75	-2	2	2	49	-45	5	3	-2	48	-32
-4	0	10	77	-76	11	1	4	63	59	0	2	2	104	-93	7	3	-2	84	75
0	0	10	141	-166	-5	1	5	73	-64	4	2	2	92	-91	9	3	-2	30	-23
2	0	10	129	-144	-3	1	5	116	-161	8	2	2	69	-45	11	3	-2	62	-62
-8	0	12	129	-121	-1	1	5	93	-70	10	2	2	104	-93	7	3	-1	115	124
-6	0	12	86	83	3	1	5	100	-67	12	2	2	90	-87	9	3	-1	66	64
-4	0	12	58	68	5	1	5	94	-69	-4	2	3	55	77	11	3	-1	34	38
13	1	-14	70	-80	-7	1	6	131	-155	-2	2	3	99	-107	13	3	-1	39	48
17	1	-14	68	-80	-5	1	6	109	-127	0	2	3	56	-30	15	3	-1	42	52
17	1	-14	79	-69	-3	1	6	100	-112	2	2	3	69	64	3	3	0	50	-47
9	1	-13	54	-46	-1	1	6	192	-188	4	2	3	139	134	5	3	0	50	-42
15	1	-13	51	-41	3	1	6	153	-127	5	2	3	93	84	7	3	0	102	106
17	1	-13	72	-44	9	1	6	78	-58	3	2	3	86	81	9	3	0	121	138
9	1	-12	87	92	11	1	6	69	-59	12	2	3	71	59	13	3	0	54	44
11	1	-12	94	86	-7	1	7	116	107	-6	2	4	84	115	-1	3	1	32	-28
13	1	-12	93	87	-5	1	7	116	137	-4	2	4	53	46	1	3	1	33	-27
15	1	-12	80	69	-3	1	7	50	40	-2	2	4	92	91	5	3	1	127	-125
9	1	-11	73	-58	-1	1	7	97	-56	2	2	4	106	107	7	3	1	28	-20
13	1	-11	60	35	1	1	7	66	-31	4	2	4	73	59	11	3	1	100	-101
11	1	-10	49	-43	3	1	7	58	43	6	2	4	47	33	13	3	1	76	-90
11	1	-10	95	-86	-7	1	8	60	54	8	2	4	61	55	-3	3	2	72	-95
13	1	-10	62	-51	-5	1	8	55	48	10	2	4	93	82	3	3	2	62	-65
15	1	-10	74	-55	-3	1	8	77	82	-4	2	5	81	82	5	3	2	12	-107
17	1	-10	92	-78	-1	1	8	77	62	-4	2	5	95	-91	4	2	2	62	-66
19	1	-10</																	

Table 3. Continued.

F	K	L	FC	F	K	L	FC	F	K	L	FC	F	K	L	FC	H	K	L	FC	F	K	L	FC	
-3	3	4	114	126	-5	3	10	40	-38	6	4	-3	74	-76	-4	4	6	28	19	-1	4	6	45	21
-1	3	4	63	65	1	3	10	39	-45	8	4	-3	90	-91	0	4	6	45	21	1	4	6	48	-36
1	3	4	24	29	-11	3	11	53	54	1C	4	-3	111	-118	2	4	6	48	-36	-7	3	5	100	-121
-7	3	5	100	-121	-9	3	11	64	63	12	4	-3	61	-69	4	4	6	68	-52	-5	3	5	108	-106
-5	3	5	84	-82	-7	3	11	81	84	16	4	-3	92	-52	6	4	6	71	-61	-3	3	5	84	-82
-3	3	5	124	-108	-5	3	11	77	89	4	4	-2	58	42	-8	4	7	55	55	-1	3	5	124	-108
-1	3	5	154	-144	-1	3	11	58	64	4	4	-1	51	50	-4	4	7	128	135	1	3	5	154	-144
3	3	5	113	-103	-1	3	12	43	49	6	4	-1	99	108	-2	4	7	73	67	5	3	5	108	-103
5	3	5	68	-60	-11	3	13	85	-81	8	4	-1	101	117	0	4	7	36	35	7	3	5	58	-53
7	3	5	58	-53	-7	3	13	47	-53	1C	4	-1	87	1C0	2	4	7	94	85	9	3	5	47	-50
9	3	6	62	-45	-11	3	14	62	-66	12	4	-1	66	66	4	4	7	120	109	-7	3	6	62	-45
-5	3	6	41	-31	-15	3	14	71	-63	10	4	0	80	56	6	4	7	78	72	-3	3	6	49	-48
-1	3	6	47	-40	12	4	13	66	37	6	4	1	119	-119	-8	4	8	40	-35	3	6	67	-62	
5	3	6	111	-1C6	16	4	13	35	39	8	4	1	150	-149	-6	4	8	88	77	7	3	6	111	-1C6
7	3	6	53	-65	16	4	12	61	46	2	4	2	7C	-48	-2	4	8	58	58	5	3	6	53	-65
-9	3	7	137	144	14	4	11	5C	-56	4	4	2	31	-23	-8	4	9	120	-115	-7	3	7	160	174
-7	3	7	74	65	16	4	10	35	-30	6	4	2	87	-81	-6	4	9	141	-144	-5	3	7	74	65
-3	3	7	43	41	12	4	9	54	50	10	4	2	58	5C	-4	4	9	64	-67	-1	3	7	86	85
-1	3	7	86	85	14	4	-9	102	66	C	4	3	51	71	0	4	9	49	-56	1	3	7	79	69
1	3	7	87	80	10	4	-8	64	-47	6	4	3	97	92	4	4	9	62	-63	7	3	7	87	80
7	3	8	72	56	10	4	-7	61	-63	8	4	3	138	141	-1C	4	10	64	-60	7	3	8	72	56
-5	3	8	120	105	12	4	-7	65	-82	-4	4	4	71	72	-4	4	10	77	-69	-3	3	8	60	61
-3	3	8	61	64	14	4	-7	70	-88	-4	4	4	65	74	-8	4	11	78	61	-1	3	8	42	45
-1	3	8	73	77	12	4	-6	74	-72	2	4	4	67	71	-6	4	11	78	68	1	3	8	74	60
3	3	8	75	86	14	4	-6	65	-71	-6	4	4	54	-36	C	4	11	53	72	-9	3	9	86	-75
-3	3	9	106	-104	10	4	-5	85	90	-2	4	5	106	-115	-10	4	13	64	-65	-1	3	9	76	-77
-1	3	9	41	-38	14	4	-5	62	57	4	4	5	100	-109	-8	4	13	88	-87	1	3	9	60	-61
3	3	9	82	-73	18	4	-5	62	6C	6	4	5	103	-100	-2	4	13	46	-58	-11	3	1C	47	-47
-5	3	1C	82	-73	10	4	-4	76	58	-8	4	6	68	-67	-10	4	14	46	-40	-7	3	10	97	-66
-7	3	10	97	-66	14	4	-4	44	-24	-6	4	6	40	29	-8	4	14	45	-41					

Table 4. The structure of  $\text{MoO}_2[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2]_2$ .Space group:  $C2/c$ .Unit cell dimensions:  $a = 17.3839(14) \text{ \AA}$  $b = 8.6656(7) \text{ \AA}$  $c = 13.5907(12) \text{ \AA}$  $\beta = 124.664(7)^\circ$  $V = 1683.6 \text{ \AA}^3$ Cell content:  $4\text{MoO}_2[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2]_2$ 4Mo in 4(e);  $\pm(0,y,\frac{1}{2})$ ;  $\pm(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}+y,\frac{1}{2})$ 8S<sub>1</sub>, 8S<sub>2</sub>, 8O<sub>1</sub>, 8N<sub>1</sub>, 8C<sub>1</sub>-8C<sub>5</sub> in  $9 \times 8(f)$ ;  $\pm(x,y,z)$ ;  $\pm(\frac{1}{2}+x,\frac{1}{2}+y,z)$ ;  $\pm(\frac{1}{2}-x,\frac{1}{2}+y,\frac{1}{2}-z)$ 

Atomic parameters and standard deviations obtained by full matrix least-squares refinement with isotropic temperature factors.

Atom	x	y	z	$\beta$
Mo	0	0.0541(5)	$\frac{1}{4}$	0.9(1)
S <sub>1</sub>	0.0489(5)	0.1300(14)	0.4509(7)	2.1(2)
S <sub>2</sub>	0.1183(5)	0.2862(14)	0.3313(7)	2.2(2)
O <sub>1</sub>	0.4190(15)	0.4514(37)	0.2451(19)	3.2(5)
N <sub>1</sub>	0.3604(17)	0.1065(43)	0.4713(23)	2.6(5)
C <sub>1</sub>	0.1145(17)	0.2845(44)	0.4521(22)	1.0(5)
C <sub>2</sub>	0.1937(22)	0.4681(56)	0.0196(29)	3.0(7)
C <sub>3</sub>	0.3659(21)	0.1155(52)	0.3676(27)	2.5(6)
C <sub>4</sub>	0.2774(25)	0.1502(61)	0.2565(33)	3.7(8)
C <sub>5</sub>	0.3764(30)	0.1714(66)	0.0409(40)	5.3(11)

## DESCRIPTION AND DISCUSSION OF THE STRUCTURE

A projection in the  $y$ -direction of the structure of  $\text{Mo}[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2]_2$  is given in Fig. 1. The shortest distance between two molecules is  $3.33(4)$  Å ( $\text{O}_1-\text{C}_2$ ). All other inter-molecular distances are longer than  $3.6$  Å. Thus, no other bonding except for van der Waals interaction is present between the molecules. The molecule has a twofold axis, through the molybdenum, in the [010]-direction.

Table 5. Bond lengths (Å) and bond angles (deg) around the molybdenum atoms with standard deviations.

Bond lengths	Å	Bond angles	deg
$\text{Mo}-\text{S}_1'=\text{Mo}-\text{S}_1''$	$2.443(8)$	$\text{S}_1'-\text{Mo}-\text{S}_1''$	$148.8(5)$
$\text{Mo}-\text{S}_2'=\text{Mo}-\text{S}_2''$	$2.629(11)$	$\text{S}_2'-\text{Mo}-\text{S}_2''$	$80.2(4)$
$\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1'=\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1''$	$1.634(25)$	$\text{O}_1'-\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1''$	$114.0(20)$
$\text{O}_1'-\text{O}_1''$	$2.74(4)$	$\text{S}_1'-\text{Mo}-\text{S}_2'$	$68.5(3)$
$\text{S}_2'-\text{S}_2''$	$3.39(2)$	$\text{S}_1''-\text{Mo}-\text{S}_2'$	$87.4(3)$
$\text{O}_1'-\text{S}_2'=\text{O}_1''-\text{S}_2''$	$3.03(3)$	$\text{S}_1'-\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1'$	$110.9(8)$
$\text{O}_1'-\text{S}_1'=\text{O}_1''-\text{S}_1''$	$3.39(3)$	$\text{S}_1''-\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1'$	$86.3(8)$
$\text{O}_1''-\text{S}_1'=\text{O}_1'-\text{S}_1''$	$2.85(3)$	$\text{S}_2'-\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1'$	$87.1(10)$
$\text{S}_2'-\text{S}_1'=\text{S}_2''-\text{S}_1''$	$2.85(1)$	$\text{S}_2''-\text{Mo}-\text{O}_1'$	$152.1(10)$
$\text{S}_2''-\text{S}_1'=\text{S}_2'-\text{S}_1''$	$3.51(1)$		

Table 5 gives the bond lengths and interbond angles for the bonds of the molybdenum atom. Two oxygens and four sulfurs coordinate the molybdenum atom forming a distorted octahedron (see Figs. 2 and 3). The oxygens form an edge in the polyhedron, *i.e.* they are in a *cis*-position. The two  $\text{S}_2$  atoms form the opposing edge. The lengths of the edges in this octahedron vary considerably from  $\text{O}_1-\text{O}_1=2.74(4)$  Å to  $\text{S}_1-\text{S}_2=3.51(1)$  Å, due to the different ligand atoms. Consequently, the  $\text{O}-\text{Mo}-\text{O}$  angle is less than  $90^\circ$ . The  $\text{Mo}-\text{O}$  distance,  $1.63(3)$  Å, is normal. For comparison the short  $\text{Mo}-\text{O}$  distance in

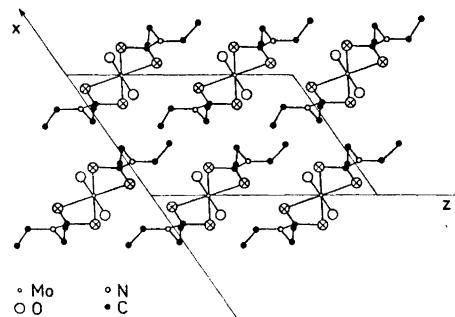


Fig. 1. The structure of  $\text{MoO}_2[(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2]_2$ . Schematic drawing showing the  $xx$  projection.

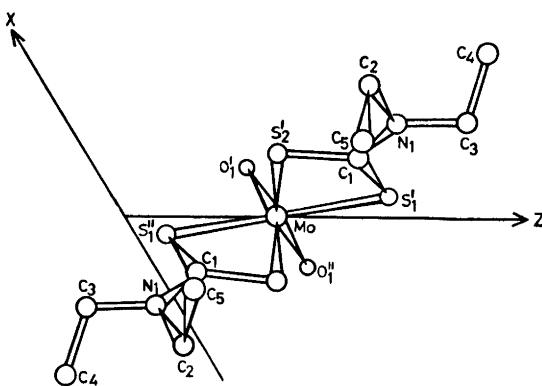


Fig. 2. A prespective view of the molecule along the  $y$ -axis. Bond lengths and bond angles are given in Table 5 and 6.

$\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OCS}_2)_4$ <sup>10</sup> is 1.65 Å. In  $\text{MoO}_3$ <sup>11</sup> the distances vary from 1.67 to 2.33 Å, and in  $\text{K}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{10}$ <sup>12</sup> the variation is 1.64–2.14 Å. The Mo–S distances are in the range between Mo–S<sub>1</sub>=2.44(1) Å to Mo–S<sub>2</sub>=2.63(1) Å. Worth noticing is, that Mo–S<sub>1</sub> is in a *cis*-position to Mo–O, while Mo–S<sub>2</sub> is in a *trans*-position. The effect of the strong Mo–O bond on S<sub>2</sub> gives a remarkably long Mo–S<sub>2</sub> distance. The variation in Mo–S distances slightly affect the S–C bonds in the  $\text{NCS}_2$  group. A long Mo–S bond gives a shorter S–C bond and *vice versa*. A similar variation of bond lengths is found in the pentavalent molybdenum compound  $\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OCS}_2)_4$ ,<sup>10</sup> but for  $\text{Ni}((\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NCS}_2)_2$ ,<sup>2</sup> where the metal has four coordinations, the variation for Ni–S is 2.19–2.20 Å.

The structure of the  $\text{NCS}_2$  groups is in agreement with previous investigations of the Ni,<sup>2</sup> Cu,<sup>3</sup> and Zn<sup>4</sup> complexes. The sulfur-carbon bond lengths are, for S<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>1</sub>=1.75(3) Å and for S<sub>2</sub>–C<sub>1</sub>=1.68(3) Å (see Table 6, Figs. 2 and 3), which is the distance of a partial double bond. Previously reported values are S–C=1.71–1.74 Å. The C<sub>1</sub>–N bond=1.29(5) Å has, as expected, a high double bond character. Bonamico *et al.*<sup>2–4</sup> have reported C–N distances

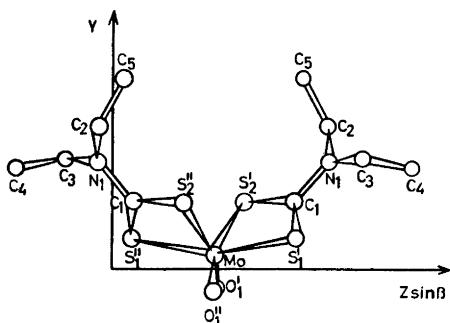


Fig. 3. A perspective view of the molecule along the  $x$ -axis. Bond lengths and bond angles are given in Tables 5 and 6.

Table 6. Bond lengths (Å) and bond angles (deg) within the molecule with standard deviations.

Bond lengths	Å	Bond angles	deg
Mo—2S <sub>1</sub>	2.443( 8)	S <sub>1</sub> —Mo—S <sub>2</sub>	68.5( 3)
Mo—2S <sub>2</sub>	2.629(11)	Mo—S <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>1</sub>	91.5( 9)
Mo—2O <sub>1</sub>	1.634(25)	Mo—S <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>1</sub>	87.0(12)
S <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>1</sub>	1.75 ( 3)	S <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>1</sub> —S <sub>2</sub>	112.6(18)
S <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>1</sub>	1.68 ( 3)	S <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>1</sub> —N <sub>1</sub>	119.2(21)
C <sub>1</sub> —N <sub>1</sub>	1.29 ( 5)	S <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>1</sub> —N <sub>1</sub>	127.0(28)
N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>2</sub>	1.57 ( 5)	C <sub>1</sub> —N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>2</sub>	116.1(26)
N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>3</sub>	1.47 ( 4)	C <sub>1</sub> —N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>3</sub>	124.2(33)
C <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>4</sub>	1.45 ( 5)	C <sub>2</sub> —N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>3</sub>	119.0(29)
C <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>5</sub>	1.58 ( 7)	N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>2</sub> —C <sub>4</sub>	107.9(27)
		N <sub>1</sub> —C <sub>3</sub> —C <sub>5</sub>	113.7(27)

ranging from 1.31 to 1.35 Å. In the NCS<sub>2</sub> group the sum of the angles around the carbon atom is 360°, indicating no significant deviation from planarity for this group. Table 7 gives the deviations in Å from a least-squares plane through Mo, S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, and N<sub>1</sub>, where all atoms are given the same weight. It shows that all atoms, except for the CH<sub>3</sub> group, form a plane with good approximation.

The remaining intermolecular distances, *i.e.* the bond lengths in the ethyl group and the nitrogen bonding to the ethyl groups, are within standard deviations normal.

The *cis*-position of the oxygens were suggested by Moore and Larsen<sup>1</sup> from IR-spectra, which showed two bands at about 900 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The large value of the dipole moment, 9.15 D, reported by Moore and Rice,<sup>13</sup> was another piece of evidence. The dihedral angle between the two diethyldithiocarbamate groups (which are planar except for the CH<sub>3</sub> groups, see Table 8), coordinating the same molybdenum, is 71.2°, which explains the large dipole moment value.

IR-spectra of several dithiocarbamates (Chatt *et al.*<sup>14</sup>) show strong absorption bands in the 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup> region, which is interpreted as an indication of a strong C—N bond in the NCS<sub>2</sub> group. That is in agreement with the result obtained in this investigation.

Table 7. Departure in Å from the least-squares plane through the Mo, S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, and N<sub>1</sub> atoms.

Atom	Departure in Å	Atom	Departure in Å
Mo	-0.12	C <sub>2</sub>	-0.24
S <sub>1</sub>	0.10	C <sub>3</sub>	-0.19
S <sub>2</sub>	0.08	C <sub>4</sub>	1.09
C <sub>1</sub>	0.09	C <sub>5</sub>	-1.77
N <sub>1</sub>	-0.15		

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