

The Crystal Structure of $K_4Mo(CN)_5NO$

DAG H. SVEDUNG and NILS-GÖSTA VANNERBERG

Department of Inorganic Chemistry, University of Gothenburg and Chalmers Institute of Technology, Gibraltargatan 5 A, Gothenburg, Sweden

The crystal structure of $K_4Mo(CN)_5NO$ has been determined by three dimensional X-ray methods. The space group of the structure of maximum degree of order is $Pbca$ and the unit cell dimensions are $a = 8.456$ Å, $b = 14.201$ Å, and $c = 21.276$ Å.

The structure consists of ordered layers, parallel to the xz -plane, whose stacking is disordered. The molybdenum atoms are surrounded by six ligands which constitute a tetragonally distorted octahedron, the Mo-NO distance being only 1.95 Å as compared with a mean Mo-CN distance of 2.13 Å.

The aim of this work was to support a research programme in progress at this Department into the crystal structures of the transition metal nitrosyls and to clarify the extensive discussion on the coordination of the molybdenum complex, $K_4Mo(CN)_5NO$.

Among the structures which have already been determined at this Department are $K_3Cr(CN)_5NO$ ¹ and $K_3Mn(CN)_5NO \cdot 2H_2O$.² The purple pentacyanidonitrosyl complex obtained by reducing an alkaline solution of molybdate and cyanide with hydroxylamine has been formulated in various ways:³ namely, as a complex of molybdenum(0), $K_4Mo(CN)_5NO$, either with or without water of hydration,⁴⁻⁶ and as an eight-co-ordinated complex of molybdenum(II), $K_4Mo(CN)_5(OH)_2NO$.⁷

EXPERIMENTAL

Potassium pentacyanidonitrosylmolybdate was prepared by the method of Hieber *et al.* $K_4Mo(CN)_6$ was first synthesised by reaction between molybdate and potassium cyanide in a saturated alkaline solution. Hydroxylamine was then added and the solution was heated on a water bath. Molybdenum hexacyanide reacts with hydroxylamine according to the equation:



The product was recrystallized several times and washed with absolute ethanol and ether. Suitable crystals were picked out of the mother liquor as soon as they had reached an appropriate size and immediately inserted in a closed capillary filled with nitrogen gas in order to avoid decomposition by air.

The compound was analysed for molybdenum potassium, and cyanide. *Molybdenum* was determined as lead molybdate, *potassium* by means of atomic absorption spectrophotometry, and *cyanide* gravimetrically as AgCN. The following results were obtained: (mean values)

	% Mo	% K	% CN
Experimental	22.5	37.1	29.2
Theoretical	23.3	37.9	31.5

IR SPECTRA AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES

The IR spectra of the compound shows a low N—O frequency which may be interpreted in terms of back donation from the central molybdenum atom which is favoured by the zero formal charge on the metal.⁵ The compound is diamagnetic.

STRUCTURE DETERMINATION

Single crystals of $K_4Mo(CN)_5NO$ were rotated about the *a*- and *b*-axis. In the rotation photographs taken when the crystal was rotated about the *a*-axis it was observed that each second layer line consisted of long weak streaks, thus indicating the presence of disorder in the structure.

Accurate cell dimensions were determined from Guinier powder photographs, using $Pb(NO_3)_2$ as an internal standard and $CuK\alpha_1$ radiation [$\lambda(CuK\alpha_1)=1.54050 \text{ \AA}$]. Forty reflections were indexed with the Algol Programme Xalg Powder⁸ and the same programme was used to refine the cell constants. The elementary cell dimensions were found to be:

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 8.456 \pm 0.002 \text{ \AA} \\ b &= 14.201 \pm 0.003 \text{ \AA} \\ c &= 21.276 \pm 0.003 \text{ \AA} \\ V &= 2554.4 \text{ \AA}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Observed and calculated values of $\sin^2\theta$ and the corresponding intensities of the reflections are listed in Table 1. The density was determined to be 2.08 g/cm³, indicating eight formula units per unit cell.

The Weissenberg layers $0kl-8kl$ (531 reflections) and $h0l-h2l$ (72 reflections) were registered using $MoK\alpha$ radiation and Zr-filters.

The nomenclature used in this paper is in accordance with that of the book *Lehrgang über OD-strukturen* by K. Dornberger-Schiff.¹⁵ The odd layer line reflections ($1\eta l, 3\eta l, 5\eta l$) appeared as long streaks indicating disorder in the direction of the *y*-axis, (Fig. 1). The intensities of these reflections were determined at the reciprocal lattice points where there were always more or less well-defined intensity maxima. The accuracy in the determination of these 228 reflections was consequently low.

Table 1. Powder data.

$h\ k\ l$	$\sin^2\theta$ (obs.)	$\sin^2\theta$ (calc.)	Rel.intensity
0 0 2	5220×10^{-6}	5244×10^{-6}	w
0 2 0	11720	11769	m
0 2 1	13040	13080	m
0 0 4	20910	20977	m
0 2 3	23530	23568	s
0 2 4	32610	32746	m
2 1 0	36060	36132	s
2 1 1	37330	37444	m
2 1 2	41320	41377	m
0 2 5	44540	44545	vs
0 4 0	47020	47075	s
2 1 3	47850	47932	s
2 1 4	57020	57109	w
0 2 6	58830	58967	s
2 3 1	60910	60981	vs
2 3 2	64930	64914	vvs
2 1 5	68740	68909	vw
2 3 3	71420	71469	vvs
0 2 7	75870	76010	m
0 0 8	83810	83907	vw
2 3 5	92360	92446	w
2 1 7	100270	100374	w
2 5 1	107940	108056	w
2 5 3	118530	118544	w
0 6 4	126870	126895	s
2 5 4	127700	127721	s
0 0 10	131110	131105	w
4 0 0	132680	132761	s
0 6 5	138680	138694	w
2 5 5	139280	139521	w
2 1 9	142240	142328	w
2 3 8	143470	143577	w
4 2 3	156250	156329	w
2 3 9	165730	165865	w
2 5 7	170920	170986	m
4 2 5	177190	177306	s
4 4 0	179630	179836	m
0 8 1	189490	189610	m
2 7 4	198300	198333	w
4 2 7	208940	208772	w

w = weak

vw = very weak

m = medium

s = strong

vs = very strong

vvs = very very strong

The systematic absences may be summarized as follows:

- (i) $(h\eta l)$ missing for $h=2H$ if $\eta \neq k$
- (ii) $(h\eta 0)$ missing for $h=2n+1$
- (iii) $(h0l)$ missing for $l=2n+1$
- (iv) (HKL) missing for $H+K=2n+1$

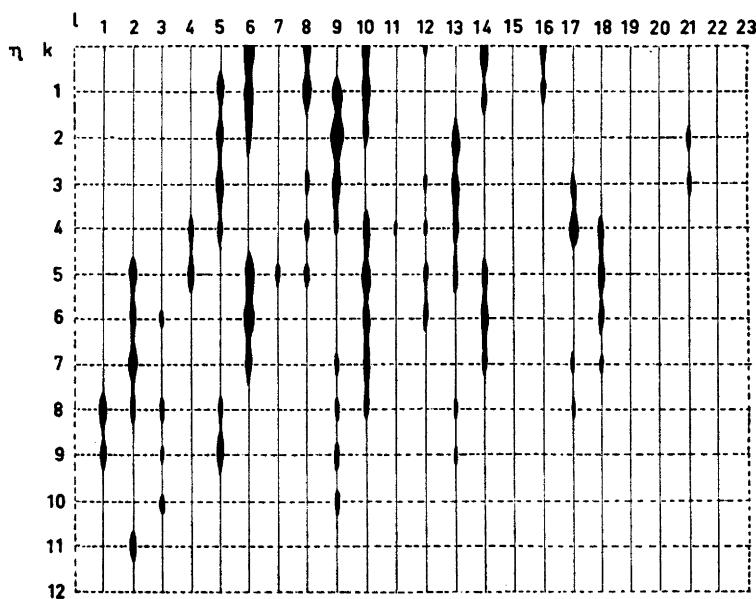


Fig. 1. The reciprocal lattice zone ($1\eta l$).

A structure denoted $\hat{\varrho}(xyz)$ which is related to the true structure by:

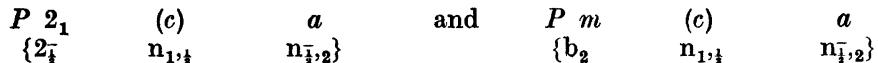
$$\hat{\varrho}(x,y,z) = \varrho(x,y,z) + \varrho(x+\frac{1}{2},y,z)$$

is thus, according to (i) and (iv), periodic with translation vectors $\vec{A}=\vec{a}/2$, $\vec{B}=\vec{b}$ and $\vec{C}=\vec{c}$. This superposition structure shows *C*-face centering, whereas the true structure is not periodic in the *b*-direction, but periodic in the *a*- and *c*-directions with translational vectors \vec{a} and \vec{c} .

According to (ii) for every atom in (xyz) there exists an identical atom in $(x+\frac{1}{2},y,z')$, which, because the *y*-coordinates are equal, must belong to the same layer. We may thus assume that these positions are related by an *a*-glide perpendicular to *c* within the layer. According to (iii) for every atom in (xyz) there exists an identical atom in $(x,y',z+\frac{1}{2})$ and this is true whether or not the packing of the layers is disordered. Thus the two atoms linked in this way must belong to the same layer, and the relationship between them corresponds to a *c*-glide perpendicular to *b*. The minimum symmetry of a single layer is therefore $P2_1(c)a$, but $Pm(c)a$ is also possible.

The *C*-face centering of the superposition structure shows that adjacent layers are linked by the translations $(\vec{a}/4)+(\vec{b}/2)$ or $-(\vec{a}/4)+(\vec{b}/2)$ and $\vec{b}_0=\vec{b}/2$, where \vec{b}_0 is the distance between two successive layers. The periodic structure of maximum degree of order (MDO-structure) consisting of a "zigzag" of layers would have the space group $P2_1ca$ or $Pbca$ for the OD-groupoid family

of lower or higher symmetry, respectively. The symbols of these OD-groupoid families are:



respectively. The structure of maximum degree of order in which the layers are packed obliquely over one another would have space group symmetry $P2_1/a$ or Pa , with $a' = a$, $b' = (b/2) + (a/4)$ and $c' = c$. (c-axis unique).

The structure determination was at first based on the superposition structure which according to the systematic absences belonged to the space group $Cmcm$, No. 63. From a three dimensional Patterson synthesis it was then possible to locate all the heavy atoms. It was, however, evident that one molybdenum atom and one potassium atom must be placed in the same eightfold position, and in subsequent calculations a scattering factor was employed for this position which was the mean of the atomic scattering factors of potassium and molybdenum. With the aid of the heavy atom positions the signs of the structure factors could be determined, and the positions of the light atoms were then obtained from a three-dimensional Fourier synthesis performed with these signs.

The positions of the light atoms were refined by difference syntheses, and after several cycles of least squares refinement an R -value of 0.13 was obtained. Owing to the disorder in the structure, there is overlap of the ligand atoms near the mirror plane perpendicular to the c -axis so that it was not at this stage possible to identify the nitrosyl group, and all the ligands were therefore treated as cyanide groups (Fig. 2). Similar difficulties were encountered by Vannerberg during the study of the structure of $K_3Cr(CN)_5NO$.¹

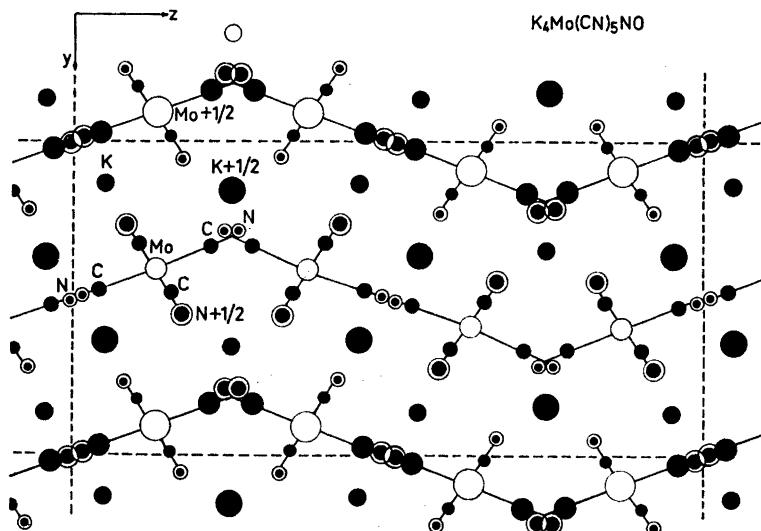


Fig. 2. The superposition structure, spacegroup, $Cmcm$; No. 63.

A three dimensional Patterson synthesis based on the intensity data of the odd layer lines only, for $\eta=k$, shows some extremely valuable features. It reveals a Patterson function of a single layer together with its mirror image in the plane $x=0$. This function is overlapped by a similar function which corresponds to a periodicity of $2b$ and an antitranslation $a/2$, as only odd h -values ($h=2n+1$) were used. This means that the influence of each second layer has disappeared completely and this fact makes the Patterson function extremely easy to interpret. It thus became possible, for instance, to determine the positions of the molybdenum and potassium atoms which had previously overlapped in the superposition structure.

The structure was then refined on the assumption that it was most similar to the MDO-structure belonging to the space group $Pbca$, No. 61. That this is the most likely structure could be concluded from the positions of the intensity maxima of the long reflection streaks of index $1\eta l$, $3\eta l$ and $5\eta l$.

All atoms could now be placed in different crystallographic eightfold positions which eliminated, among other things, the previous artificial overlap of certain ligand groups in the Mo—K—Mo chains along the x - and z -axes, as illustrated in Fig. 3.

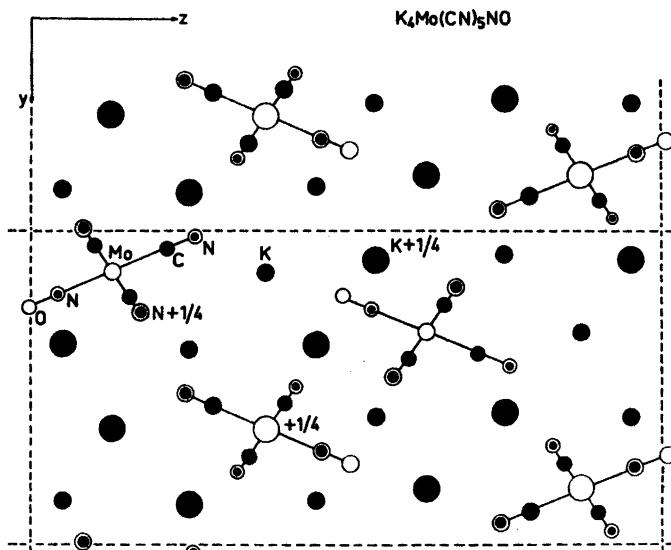


Fig. 3. The structure of maximum degree of order, spacegroup, $Pbca$, No. 61.

After a few cycles of isotropic least squares refinement the R -value converged to 0.115 and a calculation of bond distances and angles revealed five cyanide groups at approximately equal distances and one group at a considerably shorter distance around each molybdenum atom. The atoms of the latter group were labeled nitrogen and oxygen (Figs. 3 and 4). A separate

Table 2. Fractional atomic parameters for $K_4Mo[CN]_6NO$ and their standard deviations.
All atoms are in position c.

Positions

Mo	1	0.87500	0.16370	0.12301
K+	1	0.87500	0.88635	0.04860
K+	2	0.12500	0.90332	0.25000
K+	3	0.87500	0.88462	0.45440
K+	4	0.87500	0.14946	0.35851
C	1	0.04953	0.06502	0.09405
C	2	0.05064	0.25487	0.15831
N	3	0.87500	0.22524	0.04097
C	4	0.87500	0.08410	0.21191
C	5	0.69908	0.06608	0.09422
C	6	0.69759	0.25501	0.15752
N	1	0.14276	0.01194	0.07620
N	2	0.14859	0.30965	0.17129
O	3	0.87500	0.25720	0.98735
N	4	0.87500	0.03852	0.25782
N	5	0.60064	0.01430	0.07586
N	6	0.60247	0.30882	0.17119

Standard deviations

Mo	1	0.00000	0.00036	0.00021
K+	1	0.00000	0.00084	0.00045
K+	2	0.00000	0.00054	0.00000
K+	3	0.00000	0.00081	0.00044
K+	4	0.00000	0.00066	0.00035
C	1	0.00829	0.00325	0.00274
C	2	0.00644	0.00382	0.00205
N	3	0.00000	0.00230	0.00148
C	4	0.00000	0.00298	0.00203
C	5	0.00610	0.00397	0.00208
C	6	0.00755	0.00452	0.00234
N	1	0.00490	0.00438	0.00210
N	2	0.00510	0.00307	0.00167
O	3	0.00000	0.00236	0.00128
N	4	0.00000	0.00191	0.00170
N	5	0.00515	0.00301	0.00157
N	6	0.00547	0.00331	0.00176

Table 3. Bond distances in $K_4Mo(CN)_6NO$.

$Mo_1(1)-C_1(1)$	2.13 ± 0.06 Å	$K_1(1)-N_2(3)$	3.15 ± 0.04 Å
$Mo_1(1)-C_4(1)$	2.11 ± 0.05	$K_2(1)-N_2(6)$	2.87 ± 0.04
$Mo_1(1)-N_3(1)$	1.95 ± 0.03	$K_2(1)-N_4(1)$	2.86 ± 0.02
$Mo_1(1)-C_5(1)$	2.20 ± 0.04	$K_2(1)-N_4(8)$	2.86 ± 0.02
$Mo_1(1)-C_6(1)$	2.12 ± 0.05	$K_3(1)-N_6(3)$	3.15 ± 0.04
$Mo_1(1)-C_6(1)$	2.11 ± 0.06	$K_2(1)-N_6(6)$	2.88 ± 0.04
$C_1(1)-N_1(1)$	1.15 ± 0.08	$K_4(1)-N_1(8)$	3.10 ± 0.05
$C_2(1)-N_2(1)$	1.17 ± 0.07	$K_4(1)-N_2(8)$	3.04 ± 0.04
$N_3(1)-O_3(1)$	1.23 ± 0.04	$K_4(1)-O_3(7)$	3.04 ± 0.03
$C_4(1)-N_4(1)$	1.17 ± 0.05	$K_4(1)-N_4(1)$	2.66 ± 0.03
$C_5(1)-N_5(1)$	1.18 ± 0.07	$K_4(1)-N_5(8)$	3.05 ± 0.04
$C_6(1)-N_6(1)$	1.15 ± 0.08	$K_4(1)-N_6(8)$	3.04 ± 0.05

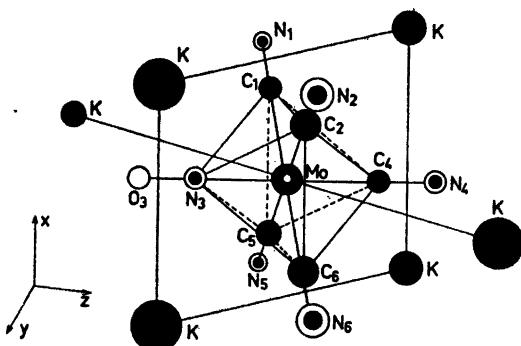


Fig. 4. The molybdenum complex and the surrounding potassium octahedron.

Table 4. Bond angles in $K_4Mo(CN)_6NO$.

$Mo_{(1)}-C_{(1)}-N_{(1)}$	$-N_{(1)}$	$177.6 \pm 5.0^\circ$
$Mo_{(1)}-C_{(2)}-N_{(2)}$	$-N_{(2)}$	172.5 ± 3.9
$Mo_{(1)}-N_{(3)}-O_{(3)}$	$-O_{(3)}$	175.1 ± 2.9
$Mo_{(1)}-C_{(4)}-N_{(4)}$	$-N_{(4)}$	177.3 ± 3.5
$Mo_{(1)}-C_{(5)}-N_{(5)}$	$-N_{(5)}$	177.0 ± 4.1
$Mo_{(1)}-C_{(6)}-N_{(6)}$	$-N_{(6)}$	173.8 ± 4.6
$N_{(1)}-Mo_{(1)}-N_{(1)}$	$-N_{(1)}$	91.3 ± 1.1
$N_{(1)}-Mo_{(1)}-N_{(2)}$	$-N_{(2)}$	89.9 ± 0.9
$N_{(1)}-Mo_{(1)}-N_{(4)}$	$-N_{(4)}$	174.8 ± 1.1
$N_{(1)}-Mo_{(1)}-N_{(5)}$	$-N_{(5)}$	90.9 ± 0.9
$N_{(1)}-Mo_{(1)}-N_{(6)}$	$-N_{(6)}$	89.9 ± 1.0
$N_{(8)}-K_{(4)}-N_{(2)}$	$-N_{(2)}$	99.6 ± 1.2
$N_{(8)}-K_{(4)}-O_{(3)}$	$-O_{(3)}$	82.6 ± 1.1
$N_{(8)}-K_{(4)}-N_{(4)}$	$-N_{(4)}$	89.3 ± 1.1
$N_{(8)}-K_{(4)}-N_{(5)}$	$-N_{(5)}$	78.1 ± 1.2
$N_{(8)}-K_{(4)}-N_{(6)}$	$-N_{(6)}$	164.7 ± 1.2

treatment of the reflections of the even layer lines only yielded an *R*-factor of 0.067 thus emphasizing the inferior quality of the intensity data obtained from the odd layer lines. The observed and calculated structure factors are given in Table 6, the atomic parameters in Table 2, and the most interesting bond distances and angles in Tables 3 and 4.

All calculations, including the Lorentz and polarisation correction, were performed on the SAAB D21 computer at the University Computing Center, Gothenburg, using programmes written by Abrahamsson *et al.*⁹⁻¹²

DESCRIPTION OF THE STRUCTURE

The structure consists of ordered layers parallel to the *xz*-plane. In such layers molybdenum complex ions and potassium ions alternate along the *x*- and *z*-axes.

The stacking of the layers is disordered.

The molybdenum atoms are surrounded by six ligands, five cyanide groups and one nitrosyl group, constituting a tetragonally distorted octahedron. The Mo—NO distance was found to be only 1.95 Å as compared with a mean Mo—CN distance of 2.13 Å. The distance between the molybdenum atom and the cyanide group diametrically opposite the nitrosyl group is 2.20 Å. The standard deviations of the positions of the four cyanide groups in the plane perpendicular to the yz -plane, do not exclude the possibility of a mirror plane, in this case a partial symmetry element, perpendicular to the a -axis through the molybdenum atom.

The potassium atoms (K_1 , K_3 , and K_4) are surrounded by five nitrogen atoms and one oxygen atom in the form of a distorted octahedron and the potassium atoms (K_2) are surrounded by six nitrogen atoms which constitute a trigonal prism. The molybdenum complex ions are enclosed within distorted octahedra of potassium ions (Fig. 4).

The fractional atomic parameters in Table 2 refer to an ordered structure belonging to the space group $Pbca$. A final Fourier difference synthesis indicated that no water of hydration was present in the structure.

DISCUSSION OF THE STRUCTURE

Because of the disorder in the structure the different reflection intensities are less sensitive than is usual to the positions of the light atoms. Despite this, it is obvious that the most probable crystal structure determined reveals a tetragonally distorted complex ion similar to that found in $Mn(CN)_5NO^{3-}$ and in $Fe(CN)_5NO^{2-}$.¹⁴

If inner electrons are disregarded, $Mo(CN)_5NO^{4-}$ is iso-electronic with the above-mentioned ions. Their crystal structures (e.g. the short M—NO bond), their magnetic and optical properties (e.g. the diamagnetism and the low N—O IR-frequency) may all be successfully interpreted on the basis of the bonding scheme presented by Ballhausen and Gray.¹³

Table 5 shows a comparison of some interesting geometrical data concerning the pentacyanidonitrosyl-complexes of manganese, iron, and molybdenum.

Table 5. Some geometrical properties of the pentacyanidonitrosyl-complexes of iron, manganese and molybdenum.

	(M—CN)	(M—NO)	(C—N)	(N—O)	(M—CN)— (M—NO)
$Fe(CN)_5NO^{2-}$	1.91 Å	1.63 Å	1.16 Å	1.13 Å	0.28 Å
$Mn(CN)_5NO^{3-}$	1.98	1.66	1.16	1.21	0.32
$Mo(CN)_5NO^{4-}$	2.13	1.95	1.16	1.23	0.18

Table 6. The observed and calculated structure factors.

<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	F_{obs}	F_{calc}	<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	F_{obs}	F_{calc}	<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	F_{obs}	F_{calc}	
0	0	6	10669	-10909	2	5	13	11879	13331	4	10	6	6343	6389	
0	0	8	18281	19235	2	5	14	7504	-6561	4	10	8	9670	10705	
0	0	10	29157	-32912	2	5	16	4256	-3731	4	10	12	4073	4197	
0	0	12	10916	-12218	2	5	17	7386	8866	4	10	13	6095	7445	
0	0	14	7723	-9090	2	7	1	17804	16935	4	10	14	5935	6708	
0	2	3	18665	-21074	2	7	1	12955	12614	4	10	15	5810	5981	
0	2	4	22141	21181	2	7	2	13870	12653	4	12	0	4791	-3778	
0	2	5	59430	52040	2	7	3	9758	9738	4	12	1	8633	-8418	
0	2	6	43330	-36300	2	7	4	16653	-15791	4	12	2	5247	4055	
0	2	7	30554	34317	2	7	5	7124	-8218	4	12	4	6586	6311	
0	2	8	10792	-14461	2	7	7	11848	-10759	4	12	8	9312	-9390	
0	2	11	21198	-21395	2	7	9	15344	-16791	4	12	9	8658	-9592	
0	2	12	8566	9258	2	7	10	9639	-9876	4	14	0	5748	4780	
0	2	13	9736	11159	2	7	11	3561	2810	4	14	1	5229	5339	
0	2	15	10545	-13056	2	7	12	20723	-21405	4	14	3	9387	9382	
0	2	17	10414	-12036	2	7	13	6913	-6735	4	14	4	5390	5121	
0	4	0	35932	-32537	2	7	15	4745	-5317	4	14	7	5476	2921	
0	4	1	9848	11437	2	7	18	5159	5217	6	1	3	16587	-14700	
0	4	3	15957	14654	2	9	1	13075	-12765	6	1	4	13038	12331	
0	4	5	6040	6056	2	9	3	4762	3607	6	1	5	2781	2294	
0	4	7	11236	-12449	2	9	4	945	-8874	6	1	7	5138	-4160	
0	4	8	11730	-11552	2	9	5	10463	10180	6	1	8	22957	-19317	
0	4	9	27294	27675	2	9	6	9743	9215	4	14	9	5496	-6003	
0	4	10	18876	19446	2	9	7	22455	22041	6	1	11	6510	-5536	
0	4	12	23226	23683	2	9	8	4702	5044	6	1	13	8088	8009	
0	4	13	13162	-13965	2	9	9	5234	-5984	6	1	17	3491	5146	
0	4	15	10896	-11819	2	9	10	10593	-13054	6	1	18	3943	4898	
0	4	16	8698	-9299	2	11	0	23674	-21880	6	3	1	11112	13154	
0	6	0	6594	6273	2	11	1	4452	-4379	6	3	2	14276	15831	
0	6	1	5064	-5359	2	11	2	10454	-10313	6	3	3	18568	18231	
0	6	3	11044	-10779	2	11	4	8155	8524	6	3	5	7212	-7515	
0	6	4	46875	-39898	2	11	5	7345	-6763	6	3	6	7321	7101	
0	6	5	40092	-37837	2	11	6	6434	-6339	6	3	8	11719	-10674	
0	6	6	6677	5937	2	11	10	6935	-6817	6	5	9	10170	9637	
0	6	8	13576	13037	2	11	11	5439	6120	6	5	10	4411	-5356	
0	6	12	12404	-12602	2	11	12	12429	13387	6	3	11	4571	3929	
0	6	14	8558	8243	2	13	0	5870	4767	6	3	12	7524	-7899	
0	6	15	11438	10539	2	13	5	11799	-12549	6	3	13	9696	-10411	
0	8	0	11895	11337	2	13	7	7264	-7594	6	3	15	3315	-4233	
0	8	1	25982	-27786	2	13	8	5662	7639	6	3	18	4975	6376	
0	8	2	14878	14892	2	13	15	5298	5190	6	5	1	3904	-4204	
0	8	3	18747	-14244	2	13	16	10474	-10683	6	5	2	3626	-3770	
0	8	4	10304	10003	2	15	3	5283	-5283	6	5	3	10479	9542	
0	8	5	7	11856	13090	2	15	10	4966	-6340	6	5	4	15896	-15382
0	8	6	7855	-8614	2	17	0	4980	-6657	6	5	6	6652	7295	
0	8	9	19936	-19733	4	0	6	6780	6620	6	6	7	11905	10563	
0	10	3	15106	-15176	4	0	8	12461	-14199	6	6	8	11117	10992	
0	10	4	18705	19099	4	0	12	13862	15004	6	6	9	4227	-4717	
0	10	6	8402	-9617	4	0	14	5353	5868	6	5	12	5736	-6942	
0	10	8	15046	-14346	4	0	16	9326	-12088	6	5	13	7366	-6186	
0	10	9	8979	-9277	4	2	3	8761	8432	6	5	14	4727	5703	
0	12	1	9804	11598	4	2	4	10591	-10591	6	5	16	5041	5895	
0	12	4	10845	-10960	4	2	5	37613	-34953	6	5	17	4772	-6947	
0	12	8	11314	12183	4	2	6	13186	12530	6	5	20	4193	-4935	
0	12	9	10523	9694	4	2	7	16741	-18503	6	6	0	6370	-7859	
0	14	0	9926	-6577	4	2	8	7821	7848	6	7	1	5540	-4491	
0	14	3	10894	-10851	4	2	10	4542	4133	6	7	2	10050	9843	
2	1	2	17193	-14556	4	2	11	11822	13415	6	7	3	3506	-3072	
2	1	5	10657	-9673	4	2	12	6192	-7385	6	7	4	6252	6398	
2	2	1	4009	-4320	4	2	13	8366	-9608	6	7	5	4707	5462	
2	2	7	15847	15162	4	2	15	7973	9464	6	7	9	11309	-10534	
2	2	8	43771	42192	4	0	15	29557	28112	6	7	12	11561	13331	
2	2	9	18484	18698	4	1	16	10478	-11478	6	7	13	5551	5995	
2	2	10	4365	5521	4	4	1	14374	-14437	6	9	1	8470	8289	
2	2	11	8957	10949	4	4	4	6988	7677	6	9	4	6770	6180	
2	2	12	7120	-9077	4	4	7	11487	10787	6	9	5	10865	-11027	
2	2	13	17382	-17945	4	4	8	7788	6777	6	9	6	7813	-8155	
2	2	14	4413	5770	4	4	9	14901	-15843	6	9	7	15914	-13806	
2	2	15	8273	-9240	4	4	10	16951	-17465	6	9	8	3318	-2934	
2	2	16	9810	11935	4	4	11	5242	-5422	6	9	17	5742	6859	
2	2	17	4542	-6969	4	4	12	15148	-14372	6	11	0	17434	17999	
2	2	18	1678	-5193	4	4	13	4973	6834	6	11	2	6579	6130	
2	2	20	44	-1047	4	4	15	5624	7049	6	11	4	6664	-7525	
2	2	23	38959	-34776	4	6	0	11201	-10850	6	11	9	5236	3945	
2	2	24	43943	-44882	4	6	1	3240	-2691	6	11	10	5562	-4902	
2	2	25	41603	-45974	4	6	3	3265	3667	6	11	12	5764	-5687	
2	2	34	3949	-36504	4	6	4	33695	30487	6	11	12	5764	-5687	
2	2	35	55339	16805	4	6	5	25485	23972	6	13	0	3788	-3126	
2	2	37	3605	-1663	4	6	6	5272	-5416	6	13	5	7408	7329	
2	2	38	23411	19496	4	6	7	6740	6215	6	13	7	5110	5055	
2	2	39	15024	-14681	4	6	8	9202	-9746	6	15	0	6693	-5983	
2	2	41	7051	-6765	4	6	9	5288	4838	6	0	6	2900	-2627	
2	2	42	1445	15072	4	6	10	4397	-3485	6	0	8	5666	5984	
2	2	43	15676	-15676	4	6	12	6073	5759	6	0	10	10253	-10593	
2	2	44	46662	-46662	4	6	14	5477	5317	6	0	12	5764	-5687	
2	2	45	4279	-3872	4	6	14	8278	-9052	6	2	4	3735	-4367	
2	2	46	5214	-6420	4	8	0	8964	-8504	6	2	5	18690	15171	
2	2	47	17727	-16132	4	8	1	20520	18667	6	2	7	5766	6389	
2	2	48	14622	13693	4	8	2	12544	-12343	6	2	11	4841	-4682	
2	2	49	2659	7069	4	8	3	9140	8933	6	2	15	5711	-5463	
2	2	50	23967	-17448	4	8	4	6838	-7412	6	3	0	12982	+14179	
2	2	51	46576	-41616	4	8	6	4022	4043	6	4	1	6101	6639	
2	2	52	23326	-17057	4	8	7	9556	-9779	6	4	3	6418	6635	
2	2	53	4515	-46151	4	8	8	5679	6263	6	4	9	6098	5854	
2	2	54	17586	-16992	4	8	9	10742	10490	6	4	10	10253	9813	
2	2	55	20770	-20129	4	8	10	6764	7104	6	4	12	6027	6127	
2	2	56	9046	8975	4	8	15	7706	-7608	6	4	14	14130	-13494	
2	2	57	5996	6835	4	10	3	7968	-8054	6	6	5	10905	-10275	
2	2	58	12	43515	41315	4	10	4	13515	-11787	6	8	0	5662	4719

Table 6. Continued.

<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	γ_{obs}	γ_{calc}	<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	γ_{obs}	γ_{calc}	<i>h</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>l</i>	γ_{obs}	γ_{calc}
3	2	5	2820	-4875	6	6	1	8384	-80° J	5	8	3	3263	897
3	2	6	3454	-4611	8	6	2	5248	614	5	6	4	4315	2940
3	2	7	3249	1658	8	8	7	4939	-4034	5	8	5	4779	3400
3	2	8	3442	4562	8	8	9	6221	-6934	5	8	6	3674	2331
3	2	9	7593	8536	1	0	6	9860	-10982	5	8	8	3584	-1930
3	2	10	4367	-5062	1	0	6	6249	-8606	5	8	9	4178	-3685
3	2	11	4023	-3594	1	0	10	7675	8087	5	8	10	3926	3802
3	2	12	3542	-3570	1	0	12	5497	4941	5	9	1	4484	4268
3	2	16	5157	4928	1	0	14	9261	-10274	5	9	3	3656	-2526
3	2	17	5585	5454	1	0	16	6494	-5690	5	9	5	5291	-4463
3	2	20	4711	2122	1	1	5	4032	-6580	5	9	9	4987	4045
3	2	21	5595	-570	1	1	6	5200	610	5	9	10	4036	3572
3	3	3	3370	-3591	1	1	8	4662	593	5	10	2	4368	2223
3	3	4	3884	-4881	1	1	9	5392	4903	5	10	3	4226	-4011
3	3	5	7674	-9696	1	1	10	7720	-8765	5	11	2	5952	-4551
3	3	8	3576	2991	1	1	14	7167	2983	5	11	6	3659	2505
3	3	9	9744	10727	1	1	16	6512	6198	5	12	2	5104	-3952
3	3	12	4114	537	1	2	5	4861	-9178	5	13	2	4711	2000
3	3	17	5899	6691	1	2	6	4394	5690	5	13	4	4558	-2563
3	3	20	5470	3623	1	2	9	9249	11531	5	14	2	4527	2458
3	4	5	1030	1146	1	2	10	8007	-4935					
3	4	6	3284	4070	1	2	13	9007	-11041					
3	4	9	5527	-8048	1	2	14	21	-5293					
3	4	12	4409	-3052	1	3	5	6784	10757					
3	4	17	4615	-4300	1	3	8	4943	4704					
3	4	20	6035	-5173	1	3	9	7642	-10222					
3	5	5	7081	7146	1	3	12	5704	-5453					
3	5	6	7326	7597	1	3	13	8408	9043					
3	5	8	3771	3394	1	3	17	7191	-8893					
3	5	10	4619	-5097	1	3	21	8183	5811					
3	5	12	4958	-5746	1	4	4	3836	-2956					
3	6	2	3356	235	1	4	5	6168	7848					
3	6	6	8888	-2327	1	4	5	5918	6034					
3	6	10	4415	3633	1	4	9	565	-5813					
3	6	11	4176	-3135	1	4	10	6724	-510					
3	6	12	4703	4833	1	4	11	5169	-4744					
3	7	6	6701	-7315	1	4	12	5373	-5175					
3	7	9	4683	-5796	1	4	13	6926	7871					
3	7	11	5640	-4460	1	4	17	8685	-7729					
3	7	20	5035	3868	1	4	18	7544	-6807					
3	8	4	4082	4817	1	5	2	4948	4345					
3	8	9	610	-6444	1	5	4	4363	4394					
3	8	6	4611	3291	1	5	5	4702	-4322					
3	8	8	5013	-5870	1	5	6	6446	-4671					
3	8	9	5129	5371	1	5	7	5500	511					
3	9	10	4614	-3978	1	5	8	5464	-5569					
3	9	4	5161	5227	1	5	10	8313	9051					
3	9	9	6119	5657	1	5	12	7187	6399					
3	9	11	4328	-1875	1	5	13	6532	-5242					
10	9	13	6137	-4899	1	5	14	6756	-5514					
11	9	9	4946	-2851	1	5	18	8019	7936					
11	11	4616	-3587	1	6	2	4556	4714						
5	0	6	3503	6455	1	6	3	4066	-2379					
5	0	8	3836	4741	1	6	6	8359	-9512					
5	0	10	4320	-5459	1	6	10	5970	6923					
5	0	12	3376	-3174	1	6	12	5817	5900					
5	0	14	4195	5690	1	6	14	7579	-6246					
5	1	6	3355	-4951	1	6	18	8924	7519					
5	1	8	2403	-3182	1	7	2	6139	-6321					
5	1	9	3036	-4326	1	7	6	8157	8548					
5	1	10	4346	5442	1	7	9	5957	5665					
5	1	13	3544	4645	1	7	10	6681	-6462					
5	1	14	3698	-4431	1	7	14	6858	5525					
5	2	2	228	3281	1	7	17	7463	5734					
5	2	2	227	164	1	7	18	7041	-4765					
5	2	2	2621	4313	1	8	1	607	3556					
5	2	9	4384	-5920	1	8	2	5301	-4042					
5	2	13	5068	6882	1	8	3	5129	-2090					
5	3	1	5765	6125	1	8	5	5504	-6884					
5	3	3	3130	-3726	1	8	9	6246	5940					
5	3	5	3988	-5538	1	8	10	6126	-5232					
5	3	9	3322	-3233	1	8	13	6611	-5479					
5	5	9	2808	4539	1	8	17	7033	5910					
5	5	12	4541	4405	1	9	1	6418	-5630					
5	5	13	4535	-4605	1	9	3	5022	4265					
5	5	17	4608	6734	1	9	5	77	6307					
5	4	1	4704	4171	1	9	9	7792	-6277					
5	4	2	2853	1157	1	9	13	6571	4553					
5	4	3	2366	-3206	1	10	3	5798	6084					
5	4	5	3626	-3394	1	10	5	7032	4244					
5	4	8	4319	-6043	1	10	9	6855	-5571					
5	4	13	4437	-4581	1	11	2	6941	5548					
5	4	17	5320	5499	1	11	6	2989	-4183					
5	4	18	4232	4895	1	12	8	4910	-6671					
5	5	1	2632	-1682	1	12	9	5073	6254					
5	5	3	2679	3151	1	12	12	3632	3727					
5	5	6	2478	-7181	1	12	14	1674	-2422					
5	5	7	4013	-4542	1	12	18	5486	7213					
5	5	8	2819	3679	1	12	20	5867	3695					
5	5	10	4676	-5279	1	12	22	6529	-6626					
5	5	13	4004	3826	1	13	5	2442	2696					
5	5	18	4306	-5995	1	13	6	2785	-4185					
5	6	3	2719	2442	1	13	8	3622	-5119					
5	6	6	4942	5002	1	13	9	3415	-3551					
5	6	10	5705	-615	1	14	11	6333	739					
5	6	12	4560	-4461	1	14	12	4290	-4601					
5	6	14	4079	4882	1	14	14	9067	-9582					
5	6	18	5005	-4940	1	14	16	5347	-5670					
5	7	4	3397	2432	1	15	15	4324	-3667					
5	7	6	4394	-4933	1	15	16	5347	-5670					
5	7	8	3561	-2263	1	15	17	5546	-4476					
5	7	10	5089	4656	1	15	18	5044	4620					
5	7	14	4583	-3856	1	15	21	6340	4697					
5	7	15	4325	-485	1	15	22	5994	-5930					
5	8	2	3292	2922	1	15	24	2497	-3555					

Acknowledgements. The authors wish to thank Mrs. Margareta Bieth for her readiness to help, especially with the technical details. We also wish to thank Prof. Georg Lundgren of this Department and Prof. Dr. K. Dornberger-Schiff of the German Academy of Science for valuable discussions. Finally we should like to thank Fil.lic. Susan Jagner for revising the English text, and the *Swedish Natural Science Research Council* (Contract No. 2286-11) whose financial support has made this work possible.

REFERENCES

1. Vannerberg, N.-G. *Acta Chem. Scand.* **20** (1966) 1571.
2. Tullberg, A. and Vannerberg, N.-G. *Acta Chem. Scand.* **21** (1967) 1462.
3. Mitchell, P. C. H. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **1** (1966) 315.
4. Hieber, W., Nast, R. and Gehring, G. *Z. Anorg. Chem.* **256** (1948) 169.
5. Riley, R. F. and Ho, L. *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.* **24** (1962) 1121.
6. Jakob, W., Hejmo, E. and Kanas, A. *Roczniki Chem.* **37** (1963) 703.
7. Griffith, W. P., Lewis, J. and Wilkinson, G. *J. Chem. Soc.* **1959** 872.
8. Lindqvist, O. and Wengelin, F. *To be published.*
9. Abrahamsson, S. and Larsson, K. *Arkiv Kemi* **24** (1965) 383.
10. Abrahamsson, S. *Arkiv Kemi* **24** (1965) 389.
11. Aleby, S. *Arkiv Kemi* **24** (1965) 395.
12. Larsson, K. *Arkiv Kemi* **23** (1964) 17.
13. Ballhausen, C. J. and Gray, H. B. *Inorg. Chem.* **2** (1963) 426.
14. Manoharan, P. T. and Hamilton, W. C. *Inorg. Chem.* **2** (1963) 1043.
15. Dornberger-Schiff, K. *Lehrgang über OD-Strukturen*, Akademie-Verlag, Berlin 1966.

Received January 3, 1968.